

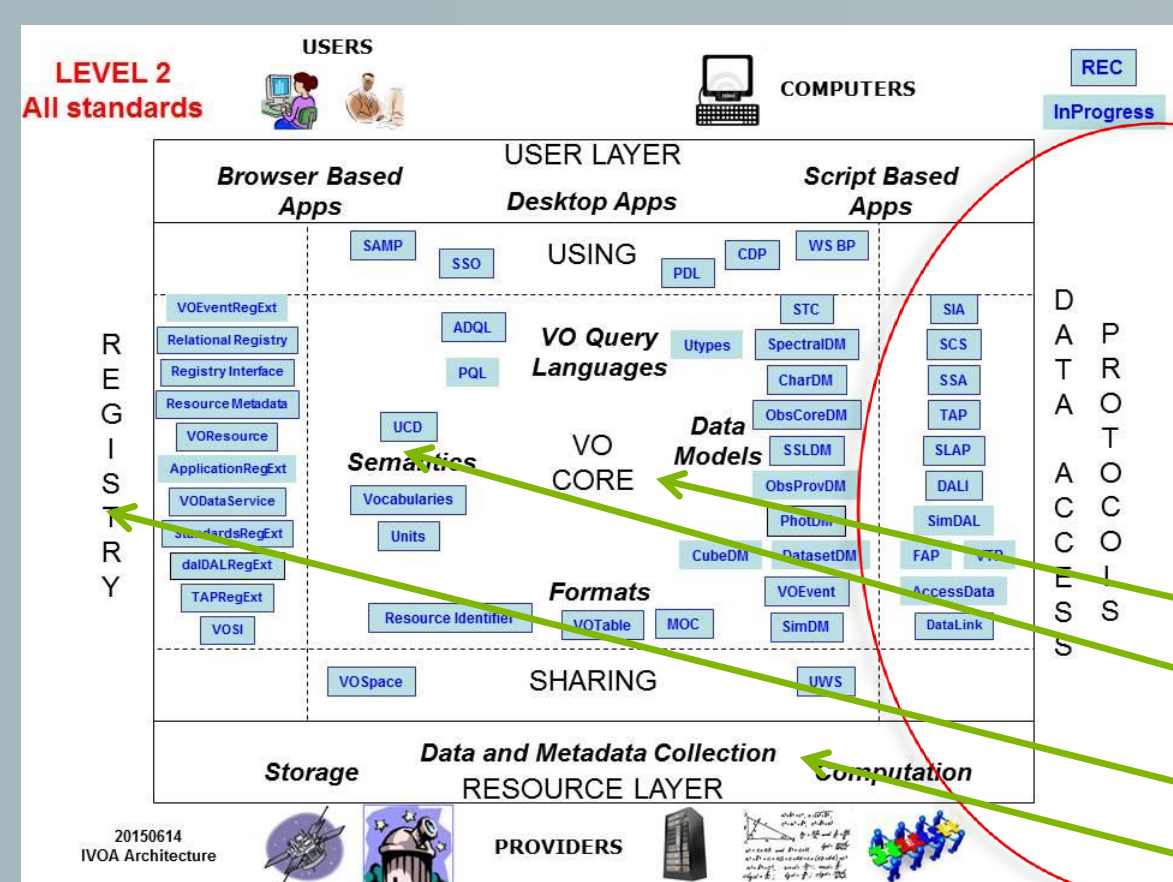
IVOA Data access layer project



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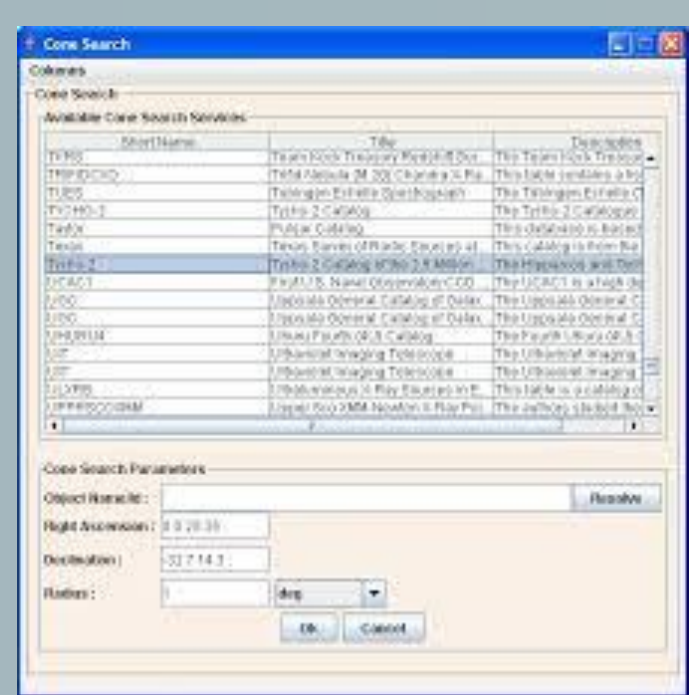
IVOA DAL Working Group Project and Objectives



DAL within IVOA Architecture

- A group created at the very beginning of International VO alliance
- Goal is to define protocols to homogenize
 - data discovery,
 - data description,
 - data retrieval,
 - data access processes:
 - providing direct client access to dynamically computed subsets of remote astronomical datasets
- Relationships with
 - Data Model : query based on data model concepts, responses are serialised instances of data models
 - Semantics : use of standardized vocabulary
 - Registry : standardized description and discovery of the services
 - UWS : asynchronous mode support

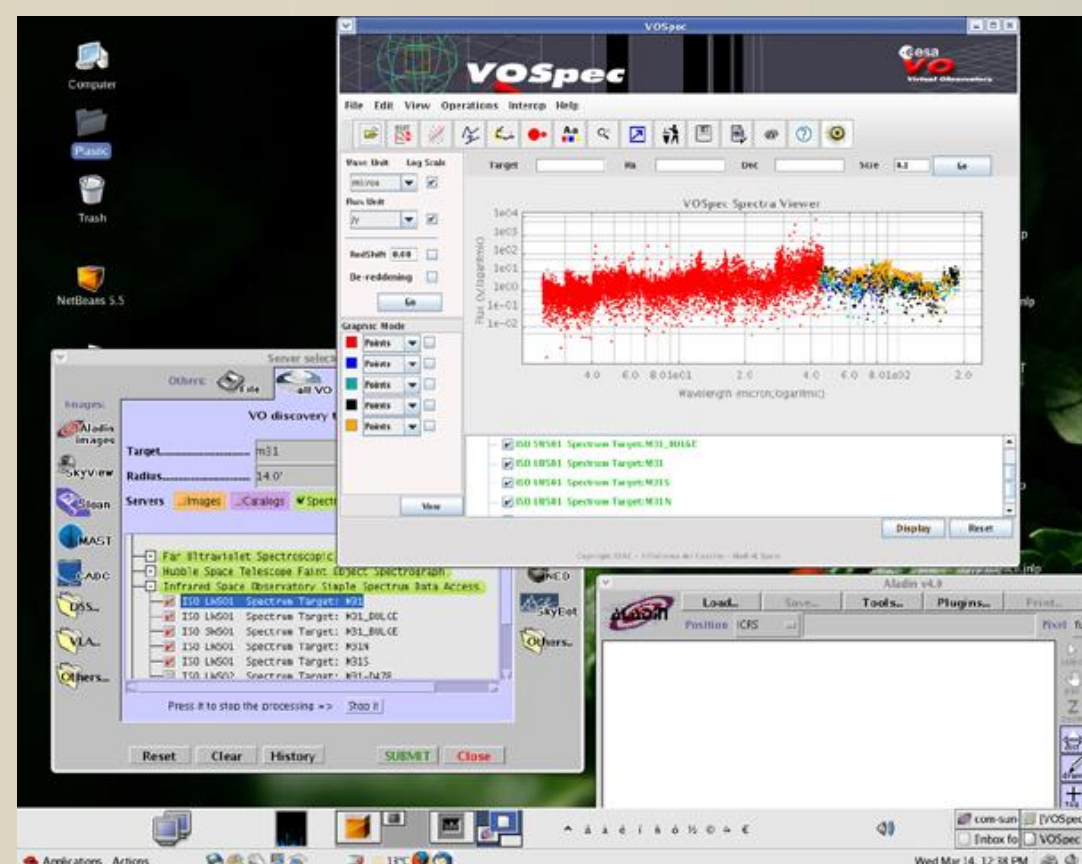
Historical protocols



ConeSearch interface and VOTABLE query response

- 1st generation:
 - Cone search : simple ROI constraint for catalog of sources. VOTABLE output
 - Simple Image Access : ConeSearch and other additional parameters constraints.
 - VOTABLE query response for data discovery giving standardized image description.
 - Retrieval and "Mosaic" generation.
 - Simple Line Access
- 2nd generation
 - SSA : Simple protocol like SIA but expressed in terms of a comprehensive spectral data model
 - TAP : interoperable relational model query services

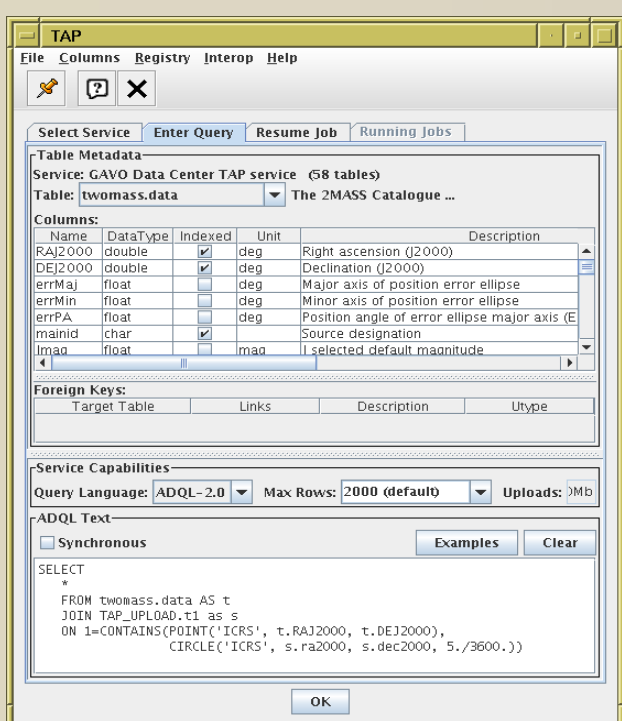
Simple Spectral Access



Spectrum discovery with SSA Display in VOSPEC

- Standard query parameters to constrain all axes
- Additional Optional PARAMETERS (APERTURE, SPECPR, TIMERES, etc...)
- Query response is a VOTABLE
 - Organized in GROUPS mapped from Spectrum Data Model packages:
 - Dataset, Curation, Derived, Characterisation, Coordinates, etc...
 - Model attributes tagged with utypes
- Virtual data generation:
 - services typed cutout or mosaic generate a "best match to query parameters" dataset

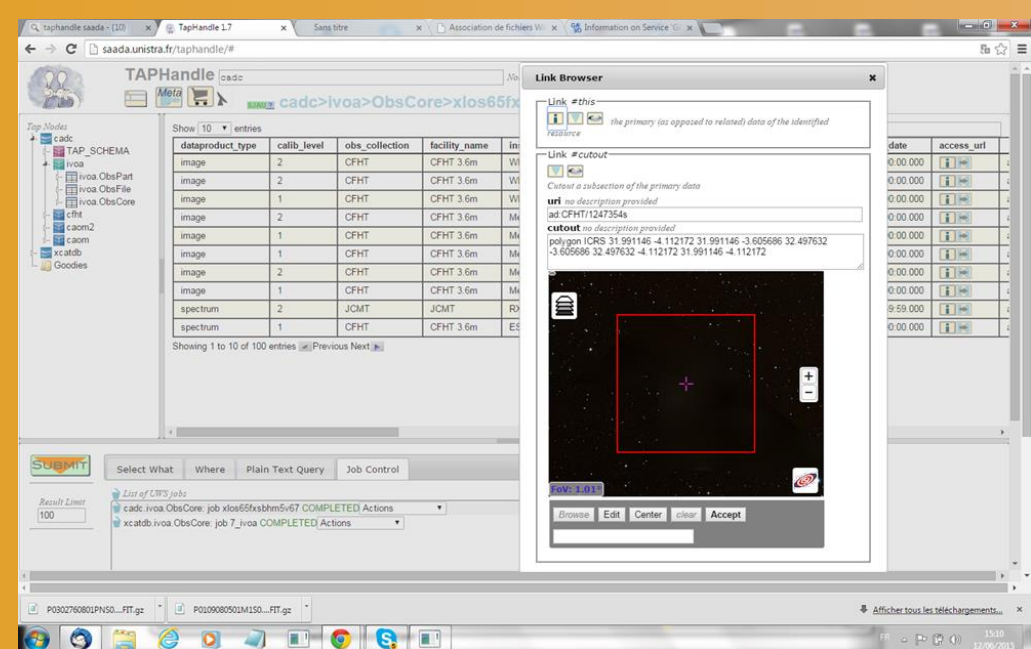
TAP and ADQL



TAP service interface within TOPCAT

- A standard protocol to expose and query relational tables
- RESTful service where asynchronous mode is consistent with IVOA Universal Worker Service standard
- Structure and Model exposed with the TAP_SCHEMA and VOSI-table descriptions: standardized metadata
- Query via ADQL language (astronomical extension of SQL)
- ObsTAP: standard data model (ObsCore) exposed via a TAP service to support uniform cross-wavelength data discovery

Recent or current developments of new protocols



ObsTAP response within TAPhandle and DataLink

- collection of service capabilities (components) to provide multi-dimensional data discovery and access (science priority)
 - DataLink : Standardized methods to link resources to known datasets
 - SIAV2.0 : parameterised query (PQL) of the ObsCore 1.1 data model for simple interoperable data discovery
 - AccessData : Driving Server-side processing for excerpting information from the datasets

Lessons learned from DAL development

- science use cases often involve using a collection of services in a sequence of steps:
 - in general, one service cannot always satisfy requirements
- moving toward modularity:
 - single purpose service capabilities that can be combined to support science use cases
- common patterns and features:
 - extracted into Data Access Layer Interface (DALI) for easy re-use and consistency
- Two « branches » of protocols exist :
 - Relational-model protocols (more complex, more powerfull) **versus** object-model protocols (simpler, implementation flexibility, usability)
- Open question of Parameter Query Language purpose
 - Input/output homogeneity **versus** readability