

Structuration

Données Atomiques and Moléculaires

M.L. Dubernet
LERMA, Paris Observatory
10/04/2006

Collaborations:

*E. Roueff (LUTH, Obs. Paris), P. Osuna & M. Guanazzi (ESAC, Spain),
Y. Ralchenko (NIST), B. Clarck (IAEA), D. Schultz (Oackridge)
S.Derrière (CDS for UCD)*

MLD acknowledges support from MDA project, VO-France, Paris Observatory

Motivation

- Scientific Use cases

- ** Identification of lines in observed spectra (ISO, Herschel, Alma, Spitzer, etc...) : spectroscopic data
- ** Analysis of spectra for non-ETL media : spectroscopic+collisional data
- ** Simulation of Interstellar Medium, circumstellar/planetary/cometary atmospheres : models + spectroscopic data + chemistry (collision, reaction, etc..)
- ** etc ..

Project Overview (1)

- **Access Atomic/Molecular DB starting with line lists**
 - Theoretical (measured or calculated) DB
 - Observed line lists DB
- **Necessary to access complementary information in order to interpret spectra or model astrophysical media: excitation rate coefficients, etc..**
- **Clients: stronger evolution towards public software packages for spectral analysis and on line codes for astro. Simulation**
 - Shared, structured, complete and documented access to AM DB
 - Standardisation O/I, queries, resources ID

Overview (2)

■ Numerous DB are available

- **Atomic lines:** NIST DBs, Kurucz's CD-ROM, Atomic Line List of P. Van Hoof, TOPbase, Kelly Atomic Line DB, VALD, MCHF/MCDHF Collection, D.R.E.A.M, KAERI AMODS
- **Molecular Lines:** JPL Spectroscopic DB, CDMS, HITRAN, GEISA, NIST
- **Other DB:** IEAE, NIFS, CHIANTI, UMIST, BASECOL, small compilations
- **Observed databases:** ATOMDB, NIST, ...

■ Identification of Pbs

- Different DB have similar datasets
 - DB have different levels of update
 - Lengthy to identify origin of datasets, find all relevant description of data
- Useful data for a single astrophysical application are dispersed in various DB
 - No homogeneous description of data

Global Structure

- Identification of Chemical Elements
- Identification of levels
- Radiative transitions between bound states
- Photon-Matter Interaction
- Matter-Matter Interaction
 - Processes: ionization, reaction, ...
 - Observables: cross-sections, rate coefficients, etc...

Led to a list of UCD

« Atomic and Molecular UCD », M.L. Dubernet & E. Roueff,
May 2004 – Preliminary document to final UCD list kept
by CDS/IVOA

DM : general transition model

Matter – Matter Interaction

Excitation : $A(i) + B(k) \rightarrow A(j) + B(l)$

- **TargetLine** = Line : A
 - initialElement=finalElement
 - InitialLevel = i ; finalLevel = j
- **PerturberLine** = Line : B
- Other attributes specific to excitation
 - Temperature
 - Rate coefficients

Reaction : $AB(i) + C(k) \rightarrow A(j) + BC(l)$

- **Reactant** = (1 to *) Line: AB, C
 - InitialChemical: AB or C
 - InitialLevel_species : i
 - FinalLevel_species : none
 - FinalChemical: none
- **Products** = (1 to *) Line: A, BC
 - Reverse identification

Spectral Line Access Protocol

Paris Observatory and ESA/ESAC

*ML Dubernet, P. Osuna, M. Guanazzi,
J. Salgado, E. Roueff*

*MLD acknowledges support from VO-France, MDA project,
Paris Observatory*

Documents status and perspectives



International
Virtual
Observatory
Alliance

Atomic and Molecular Lines Data Model

Version 0.5

Draft Document 30 January 2006

This version:

ThisVersion-30Jan2006

Latest version:

http://www.ivoa.net/Documents/latest/LDM_v0.5

Previous versions:

Editors: Pedro Osuna, Matteo Guainazzi

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Pedro Osuna
Matteo Guainazzi
Jesus Salgado
Evelyne Roueff

Status of This Document

This is an IVOA Working Draft for review by IVOA members and other interested parties. It is a draft document and may be updated, replaced, or obsoleted by other documents at any time. It is inappropriate to use IVOA Working Drafts as reference materials or to cite them as other than "work in progress".

A list of current IVOA Recommendations and other technical documents can be found at <http://www.ivoa.net/Documents/>.

- *AML DM Current version: 0.5 (30/1/2006)*
- *SLAP Current version: 0.1*
- *circulated to the DM and DAL groups, as well as to atomic and molecular astrophysicists for comments*
- *Ultimate goal: achieve the status of a proposed recommendation by the next InterOp meeting for AML DM*
- **Useful for LTE studies and calibration**

Access to Lines: DataModel

- Based on fundamental physics, current databases and needs in astrophysics
- Current DM is centered around line for atom and molecules: electronic, vibrational, rotational transitions (couplings)
- Allows for identification of
 - Chemical Species
 - Level -->Quantum State-->Quantum numbers
 - Origin and modification of Line (Observed lines)
- Some parts could be re-used to model other processes involving transitions because a line corresponds to a transition between two levels

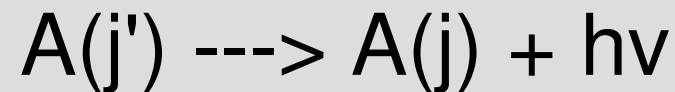
DM : general transition model

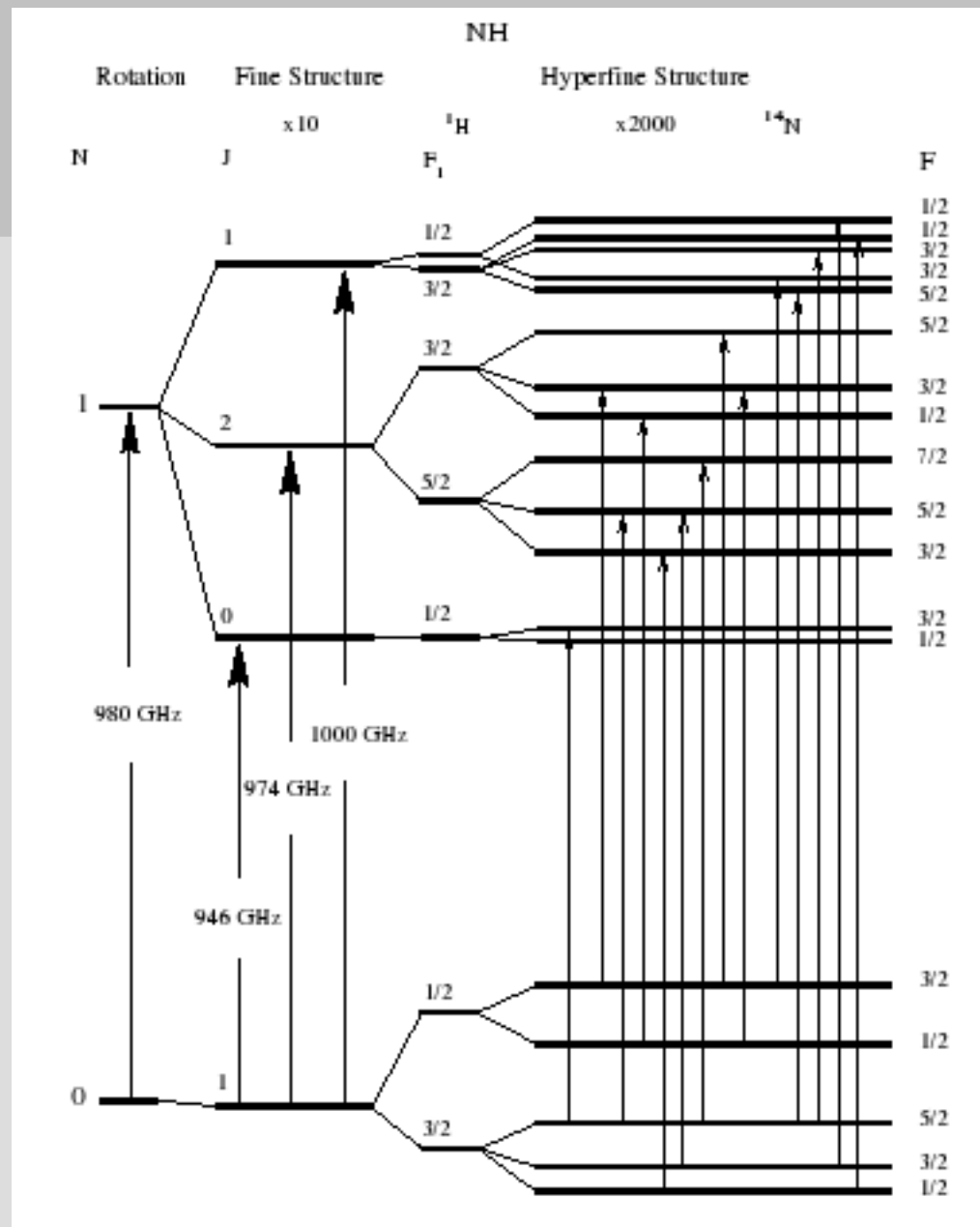
- Each time a species undergoes a transition, it can be modeled by a Line DM

A transition is modeled by

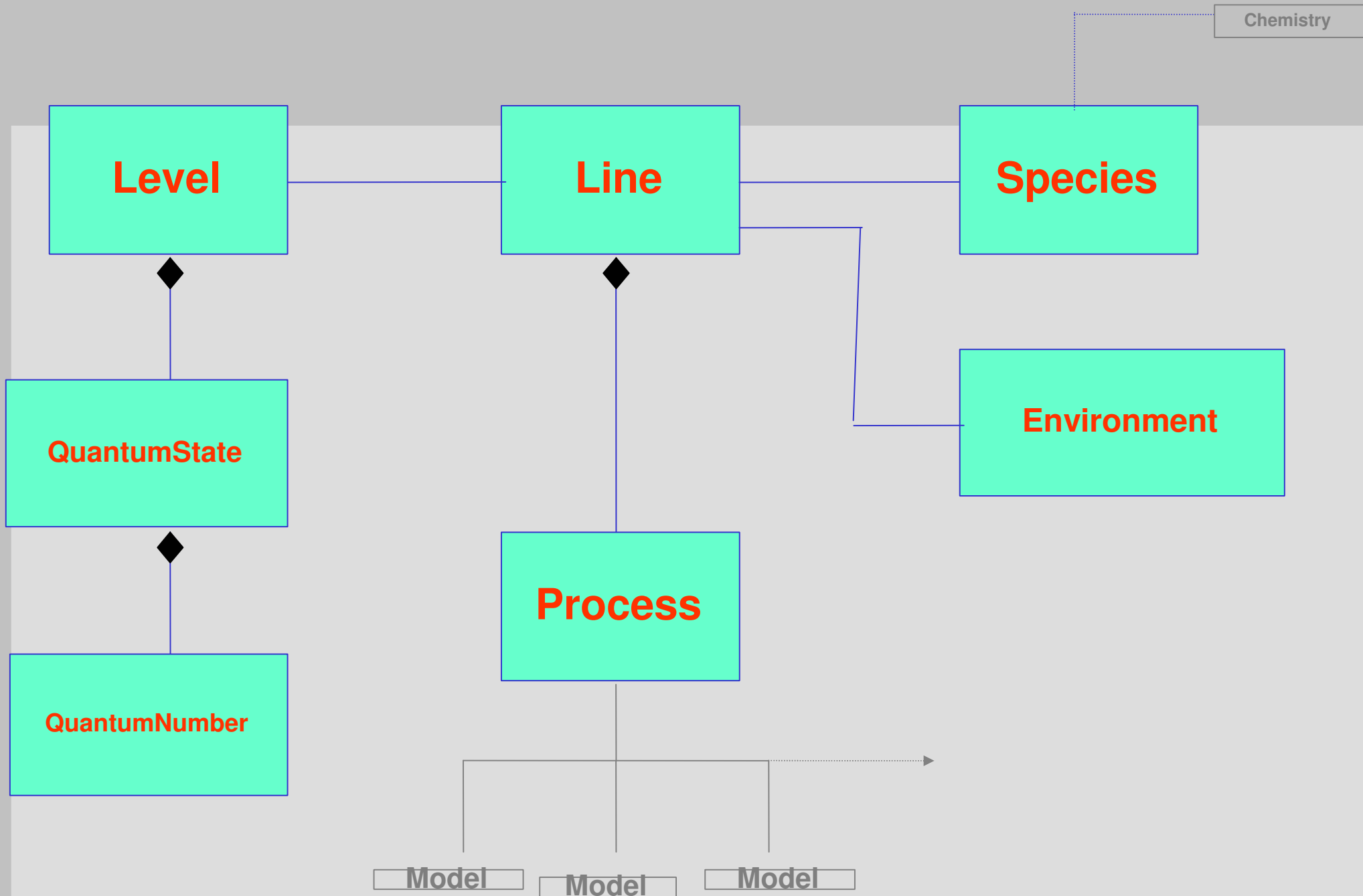
Before Oups Something happens! ... After

Light – Matter Interaction : bound-bound





Structure



Line

■ Scope: describe the overall properties of the observed line, and of its corresponding transition

■ Attributes:

○ Observational properties:

- wavelength
- intensity/flux
- significance
- broadening
- wavelength shift

Spectral Data Model

```
graph TD; W[wavelength] -.-> SDM[Spectral Data Model]; I[intensity/flux] -.-> SDM; S[significance] -.-> SDM;
```

○ Transition properties:

- Einstein coefficients
- oscillator strengths
- transition type

Level – QuantumState - QuantumNumber

Scope: describe the quantum state of the levels, between which the transition originating the line occurs

- Attributes:

- Level:

- energy (with its origin) and configuration
 - statistical weight
 - lifetime
 - quantum constants (Lande factor etc.)
 - Parity, symmetries

- Quantum state:

- normalized probability
 - term symbol
 - quantum numbers

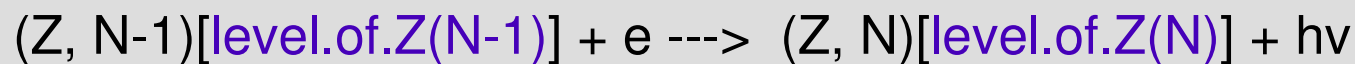
Quantum Number: coupling

- N_2H^+ : rotation N, 2 nuclearSpinI for Nitrogen
- level characterized with a single state $|NF_1F\rangle$
- $N+I_1 = F_1; F_1+I_2 = F$
- QuantumNumber : F
 - label = F
 - type = totalAngularMomentumF
 - origin1 = F_1
 - origin2 = I_2
 - numeratorValue = 1
 - denominatorValue = 1
 - description = « resulting total angular momentum; coupling of I_2 and F_1

DM : general transition model

Light-Matter : bound-continuum

■ Radiative recombinaison



InitialElement = ChemicalElement

IonizationStage = -1 (comparatively to N)

Z is specified

full atomic symbol is specified (see DM)

FinalElement = ChemicalElement

IonizationStage = 0 (comparatively to N)

Z is specified

full atomic symbol is specified (see DM)

DM : missing Provenance

- Observations : see characterization
- Measured Data : instrument and parameters
- Calculated sets : VOTheory
 - Various steps in getting final data, ex :
 - Method
 - Hamiltonian (parameters, approximations), basis sets
 - Algorithms
 - Fitting functions: parameters, function, error
 - Etc...

DAL: Query Parameters

- **SLAP : Simple Line Access Protocol**
 - By wavelength_min, _max, _mid
 - By species: Fe I, H₂O, ...
 - By type of transition (E1, M1, E2)
 - By type of levels (vibration, rotation, ..)
 - Combined with associated processes

Access to Lines: SLAP

- What information do we retrieve from a service implementing SLAP?
 - Wavelength : mandatory
 - Initial/Final ChemicalElement : should
 - Name or atomicSymbol/formula : should
 - Initial/Final Level : should
 - QuantumState : should
 - energy, statWeight : should
 - Einstein A : should
 - Optional : everything else

Note on UCD/utype

- UCD seem heavy and too vague to be used efficiently for exchange of atomic and molecular data
- UCD might be useful to « globally » search datasets if tools are developed
- Utype seems more useful for now

Contacted people

Physicists, Databases, Astronomers

- GEISA: N. Husson-Jacquinet
- HITRAN: L. Rothman
- CDMS: S. Schlemmer
- JPL: J. Pearson
- UMIST: T. Millar
- CHIANTI: P. Young
- DREAM: P. Quinet
- TOPBase: C. Zeippen
- NIST: F. Lovas, Y. Ralchenko
- NIFS: T. Kato
- IEAE: B. Clark
- KAERI: Y.-J. Rhee
- ATOMDB: N. Brickhouse
- D. Schwenke
- J. Tennyson
- A bunch of french spectroscopists
- J. Aboudarham (solar)
- B. Plez (stars)
- J. Cernicharo (ISM)
- F. Valdes (calibration package)

Application: Basecol Database

<http://www.obspm.fr/basecol>

ML Dubernet

LERMA, Paris Observatory

Present Engineer: N. Moreau*

Present Contributors: M.L. Dubernet*, F. Daniel*, D. Flower***, A. Grosjean**

Past Contributors: B. Debray**, G. Souemes*

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* *LERMA, Paris Observatory*

** *Besançon Observatory*

*** *Durham University, UK*

Objectives/Content

- Useful for astrophysicists and physicists
- Published (de)-excitation rate coefficients
 - Rotational (fine, hyperfine structure)
 - Ro-vibrational, Vibrational (not exhaustive)
 - Currently: 21 Target molecules
 - Perturbers : He, H, H₂ (not exhaustive)
 - 76 collisional systems
- Fully documented and referenced (630 ref.)
- Linked to
 - Theoretical energy levels
 - Experimental energy levels, Einstein coefficients(CDMS or JPL)
- Fitting coefficients, visualisation tools



DAMIR - Madrid | Observatory of Besançon | PCMT | Observatory of Grenoble | University of Durham | University of Bordeaux

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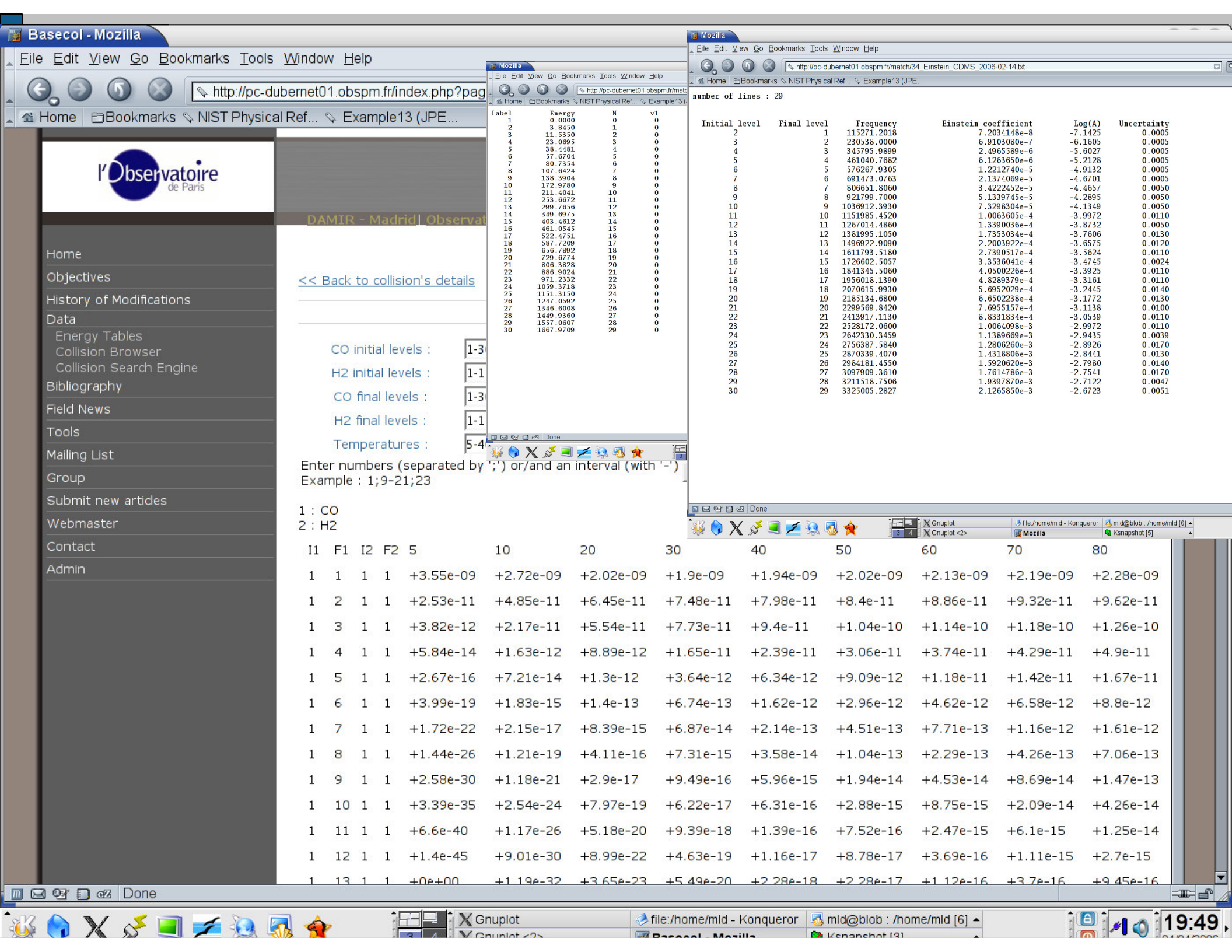
RO-VIBRATIONAL COLLISIONAL EXCITATION Database and Utilities

Advices

- To get all the available collisions, you can click on the "Data" menu. Then click on "Collision Search Engine" and simply use the default request.
- If you encounter a technical problem, contact the webmaster.
- If you have a question about scientific content, use the "Contact" button.

News

- 05/12/2005 :
The einstein coefficients are available but are still in a test phase. It is not recommended to use them.
- 20/07/2005 :
The BASECOL database is now fully opened though not yet complete and still under test. A paper will be submitted, but for now, please refer to it with [BASECOL Database: <http://www.obspm.fr/basecol>]
To be added soon: CH3CN, NH3 (old and new results), CH3OH, OH, HCN(hyperfine), N2H+ (old and new rotational results, hyperfine), new results on SO, H2O, HC3N.



DAMIR - Madrid Observa...

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[<< Back to collision's details](#)

CO initial levels :

H2 initial levels :

CO final levels :

H2 final levels :

Temperatures :

Enter numbers (separated by ';') or/and an interval (with '-')
 Example : 1;9-21;23

1 : CO
 2 : H2

	I1	F1	I2	F2	S	10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80
1	1	1	1	1	+3.55e-09	+2.72e-09	+2.02e-09	+1.9e-09	+1.94e-09	+2.02e-09	+2.13e-09	+2.19e-09	+2.28e-09
1	2	1	1	1	+2.53e-11	+4.85e-11	+6.45e-11	+7.48e-11	+7.98e-11	+8.4e-11	+8.86e-11	+9.32e-11	+9.62e-11
1	3	1	1	1	+3.82e-12	+2.17e-11	+5.54e-11	+7.73e-11	+9.4e-11	+1.04e-10	+1.14e-10	+1.18e-10	+1.26e-10
1	4	1	1	1	+5.84e-14	+1.63e-12	+8.89e-12	+1.65e-11	+2.39e-11	+3.06e-11	+3.74e-11	+4.29e-11	+4.9e-11
1	5	1	1	1	+2.67e-16	+7.21e-14	+1.3e-12	+3.64e-12	+6.34e-12	+9.09e-12	+1.18e-11	+1.42e-11	+1.67e-11
1	6	1	1	1	+3.99e-19	+1.83e-15	+1.4e-13	+6.74e-13	+1.62e-12	+2.96e-12	+4.62e-12	+6.58e-12	+8.8e-12
1	7	1	1	1	+1.72e-22	+2.15e-17	+8.39e-15	+6.87e-14	+2.14e-13	+4.51e-13	+7.71e-13	+1.16e-12	+1.61e-12
1	8	1	1	1	+1.44e-26	+1.21e-19	+4.11e-16	+7.31e-15	+3.58e-14	+1.04e-13	+2.29e-13	+4.26e-13	+7.06e-13
1	9	1	1	1	+2.58e-30	+1.18e-21	+2.9e-17	+9.49e-16	+5.96e-15	+1.94e-14	+4.53e-14	+8.69e-14	+1.47e-13
1	10	1	1	1	+3.39e-35	+2.54e-24	+7.97e-19	+6.22e-17	+6.31e-16	+2.88e-15	+8.75e-15	+2.09e-14	+4.26e-14
1	11	1	1	1	+6.6e-40	+1.17e-26	+5.18e-20	+9.39e-18	+1.39e-16	+7.52e-16	+2.47e-15	+6.1e-15	+1.25e-14
1	12	1	1	1	+1.4e-45	+9.01e-30	+8.99e-22	+4.63e-19	+1.16e-17	+8.78e-17	+3.69e-16	+1.11e-15	+2.7e-15
1	13	1	1	1	+0e+00	+1.19e-32	+3.65e-23	+5.49e-20	+2.28e-18	+2.28e-17	+1.12e-16	+3.7e-16	+9.45e-16

Label	Energy	N	v1
1	0.0000	0	0
2	3.8450	1	0
3	11.5350	2	0
4	23.0695	3	0
5	38.4481	4	0
6	57.6704	5	0
7	80.7354	6	0
8	107.6424	7	0
9	138.3904	8	0
10	172.9780	9	0
11	211.4041	10	0
12	253.6672	11	0
13	299.7656	12	0
14	349.6975	13	0
15	403.4612	14	0
16	461.0545	15	0
17	522.4751	16	0
18	587.7209	17	0
19	656.7892	18	0
20	729.6774	19	0
21	806.3828	20	0
22	886.9024	21	0
23	971.2332	22	0
24	1059.3718	23	0
25	1151.3150	24	0
26	1247.0582	25	0
27	1346.6008	26	0
28	1449.9360	27	0
29	1557.0607	28	0
30	1667.9709	29	0

number of lines : 29

Initial level	Final level	Frequency	Einstein coefficient	Log(A)	Uncertainty
2	1	115271.2018	7.2034148e-8	-7.1425	0.0005
3	2	230538.0000	6.9103080e-7	-6.1605	0.0005
4	3	345795.9899	2.4965589e-6	-5.6027	0.0005
4	4	461040.7682	6.1263650e-6	-5.2128	0.0005
6	5	576267.9305	1.2212740e-5	-4.9132	0.0005
7	6	691473.0763	2.1374069e-5	-4.6701	0.0005
8	7	806651.8060	3.4222452e-5	-4.4657	0.0050
8	8	921799.7000	5.1339745e-5	-4.2895	0.0050
10	9	1036912.3930	7.3298304e-5	-4.1349	0.0050
11	10	1151985.4520	1.0063605e-4	-3.9972	0.0110
12	11	1267014.4860	1.3390036e-4	-3.8732	0.0050
13	12	1381995.1050	1.7353034e-4	-3.7606	0.0130
14	13	1496922.0090	2.2003922e-4	-3.6575	0.0120
15	14	1611793.5180	2.7390517e-4	-3.5624	0.0110
16	15	1726602.5057	3.3336041e-4	-3.4745	0.0024
17	16	1841345.5060	4.0500228e-4	-3.3925	0.0110
18	17	1956018.1390	4.8289379e-4	-3.3161	0.0110
18	18	2070615.9930	5.6952029e-4	-3.2445	0.0140
20	19	2185134.6800	6.6502238e-4	-3.1772	0.0130
21	20	2299569.8420	7.6955157e-4	-3.1138	0.0100
22	21	2413917.1130	8.8318344e-4	-3.0539	0.0110
23	22	2528172.0600	1.0064098e-3	-2.9972	0.0110
24	23	2642330.3459	1.1389669e-3	-2.9435	0.0039
25	24	2756387.5840	1.2806260e-3	-2.8926	0.0170
26	25	2870339.4070	1.4318806e-3	-2.8441	0.0130
27	26	2984181.4550	1.5920620e-3	-2.7980	0.0140
28	27	3097909.3610	1.7614786e-3	-2.7541	0.0170
29	28	3211518.7506	1.9397870e-3	-2.7122	0.0047
30	29	3325005.2827	2.1265850e-3	-2.6723	0.0051

Basecol Web Service

- Query for a single molecule
 - Query for a process
 - Query for a collider
 - Query for a temperature range
- Get
 - Rate coefficients
 - Theoretical and experimental energy levels
 - Einstein coefficients and statistical weights
 - Errors
 - Fits
 - Documentation

Link to PDR Numerical Code

Get collisions only

- Query Parameters
 - TARGET, COLLIDER
 - initial_level, final_level
- Return VOTable with
 - List of collisions with TARGET + COLLIDER
 - Link to energy tables (basecol)
 - Link to fitting coefficients

Get CDMS/JPL data

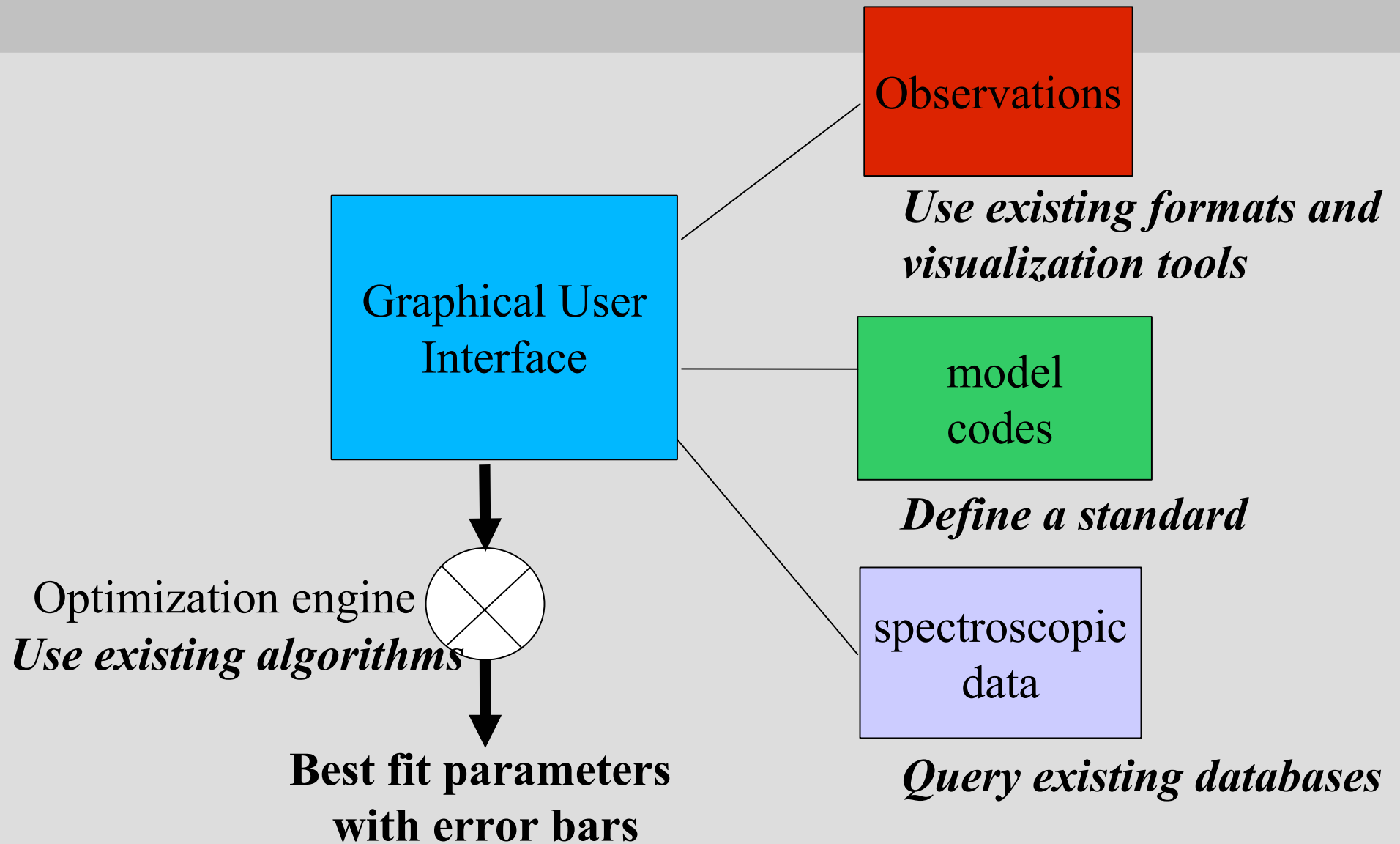
- Query Parameters
 - TARGET, COLLIDER
 - initial_level_energy, final_level_energy
- Return VOTable with
 - List of collisions with TARGET + COLLIDER
 - Link to energy tables (basecol)
 - Link to CDMS values
 - Einstein coefficients, frequency, statistical weight...



Generic Interface to Numerical Codes for Science Data Analysis and Modelling

Frédéric Boone (LERMA)
Marie-Lise Dubernet (LERMA)
Peter Schilke (MPIfR)
Dirk Muders (MPIfR)

Concept



DALIA

Data Dialog

spectrum

spectrum.fits

Dalia Fitting Interface

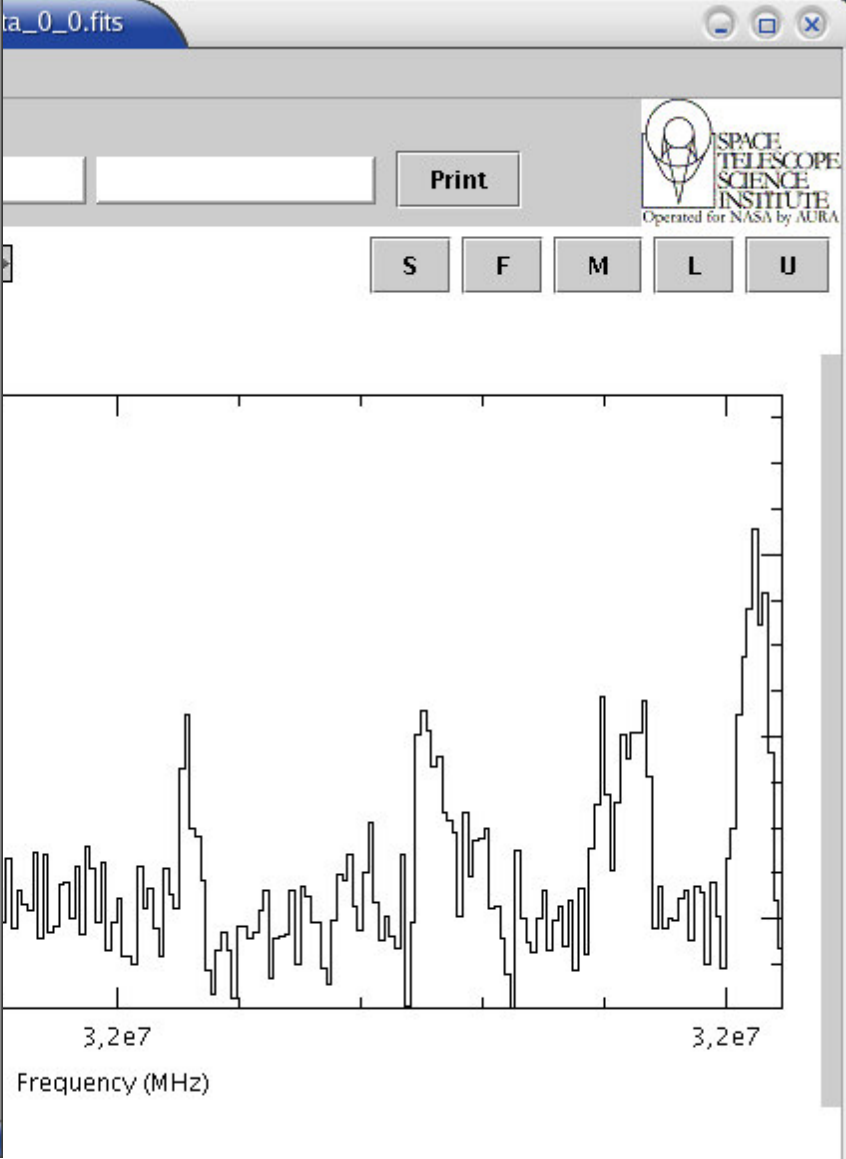
Spectral lines Dialog

spectrum.fits

Load a n...

Lines		
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> NH2CH2CH2OH	[15 4 11 4 - 16 1 16 4]	93091.625
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> C5H	[19 1 20 19 - 18 -1 19 19]	93091.867
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> C3H7CN	[56 17 40 1 - 55 18 37 1]	93092.336
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> C3H7CN	[56 17 39 1 - 55 18 38 1]	93092.344
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> C2H5OH	[18 2 16 0 - 18 2 17 0]	93092.664
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> NH2CH2CH2OH	[47 9 38 1 - 47 9 39 1]	93092.906
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> NH2CHO	[15 4 11 15 - 16 3 14 16]	93093.305
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> NH2CHO	[15 4 11 16 - 16 3 14 17]	93093.383
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> NH2CHO	[15 4 11 14 - 16 3 14 15]	93093.383
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> NH2CH2CH2OH	[43 6 38 3 - 42 7 35 3]	93093.43
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> C2H5OOCH	[13 5 9 1 - 13 3 10 1]	93093.82
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> NH2CH2CH2OH	[17 1 16 1 - 16 2 14 1]	93093.914
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> a(CH2OH)2	[16 1 15 1 - 16 0 16 1]	93093.992
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> H2NCH2COOH_II	[13 9 4 1 13 - 12 9 3 1 12]	93094.297
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> H2NCH2COOH_II	[13 9 5 1 13 - 12 9 4 1 12]	93094.297
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> C5H	[19 -1 20 19 - 18 1 19 18]	93094.773
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> C5H	[19 -1 20 20 - 18 1 19 19]	93094.852
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> NH2CH2CH2OH	[18 4 15 6 - 17 5 12 6]	93095.227
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> c-C2H4NH	[9 4 5 9 - 9 3 6 9]	93095.828
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> c-C2H4NH	[9 4 5 9 - 9 3 6 10]	93095.977
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> c-C2H4NH	[9 4 5 9 - 9 3 6 8]	93096.0
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> c-C2H4NH	[9 4 5 10 - 9 3 6 9]	93096.078
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> c-C2H4NH	[9 4 5 8 - 9 3 6 9]	93096.094

OK



Service for ASAP

(very close to SLAP)

- Query Parameters
 - Frequency_min
 - Frequency_max
 - *Chemical_element*
 - *Chemical_element_symmetry*
- *Return list of transitions with:*
 - *Chemical_element, Chemical_element_symmetry*
 - *Initial_level_energy, Einstein_Coefficient, g_up*
 - *Quantum_number_tag, id_chemical_element,*
 - *Data_source, creation_date*
 - *Link to quantum numbers (URL)*
 - *Link to all collisions with TARGET, to documentation*

Perspective for Atomic and Molecular Data

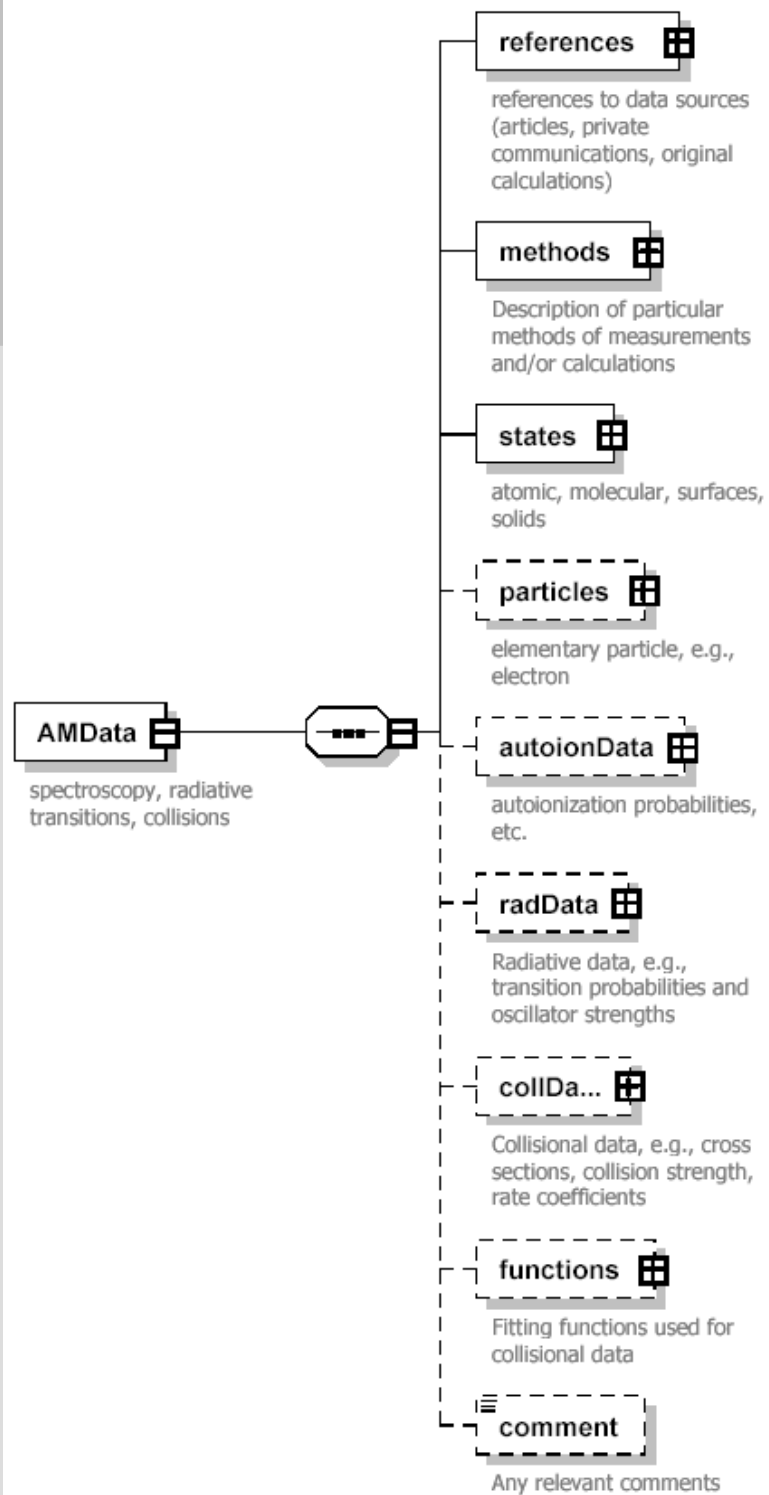
- Access to linelists: well defined – can be implemented

Standardization of Access to other data (ex: rate coefficients of Basecol)

- Working Group of Atomic and Molecular Physicists from NIST, IAEA, Oackridge, NIFS, Paris Observatory (Paper at ICAMDATA, Meudon, Octobre 2006)
- Model will be proposed to IVOA by WG
- Applications: fusion, atmosphere, astrophysics

Building Infrastructure: Atomic and Molecular Data Network--> FP6 or FP7

Paper at ICAMDATA, Meudon, Octobre 2006



Plateau de Bure (IRAM) 6x15m $\lambda=[1, 3]$ mm



Pico Veleta (IRAM) 30m



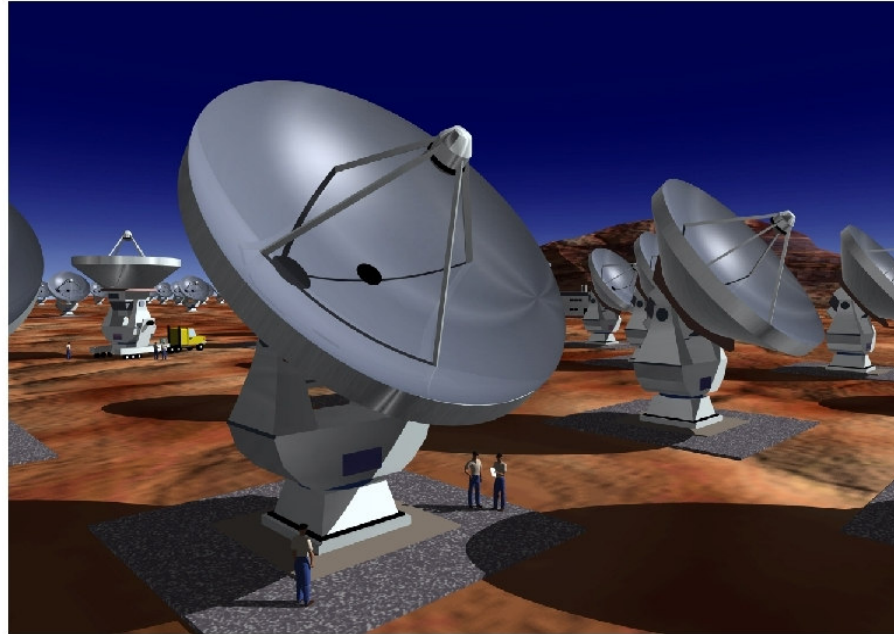
SubMillimeter Array (Harvard+Taiwan) 8x6m $\lambda=[0.3, 1.7]$ mm



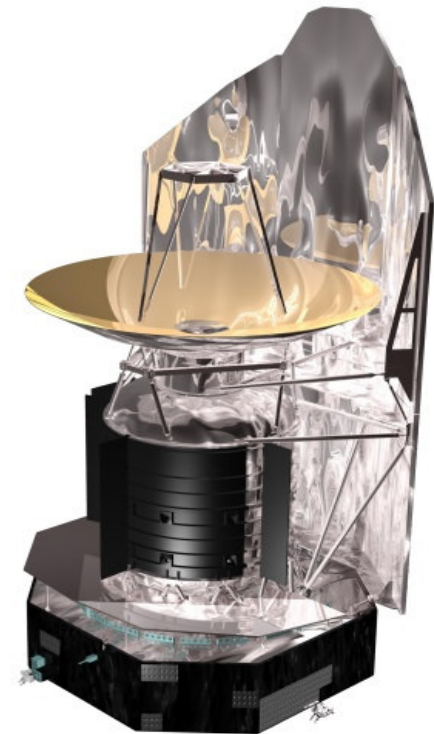
Atacama Pathfinder Experiment (MPIfR+ESO) 12m $\lambda=[0.3, 1]$ mm



Atacama Large Millimeter Array 64x12m $\lambda=[10, 0.35]$ mm



Herschel (ESA) 3.5m $\lambda=[60, 670]$ mu



Motivation

- **New instruments: SMA, APEX, ALMA, Herschel**
 - Great spatial and spectral dynamics
 - Modeling required to extract information
- **Models not available**
 - Not always public
 - Not easily accessible
 - Few of them in data reduction softwares

Motivation

- **Models difficult to use**
 - Need to learn a format or a language
 - Some models are complementary but implemented in different environments, e. g. : dynamics+chemistry+radiative transfer
- **Common needs**
 - Optimization loop to fit the model to the data with **constraints** and error estimation
 - **Interactivity** (control the model parameters)
 - Spectroscopic data --> query spectro databases

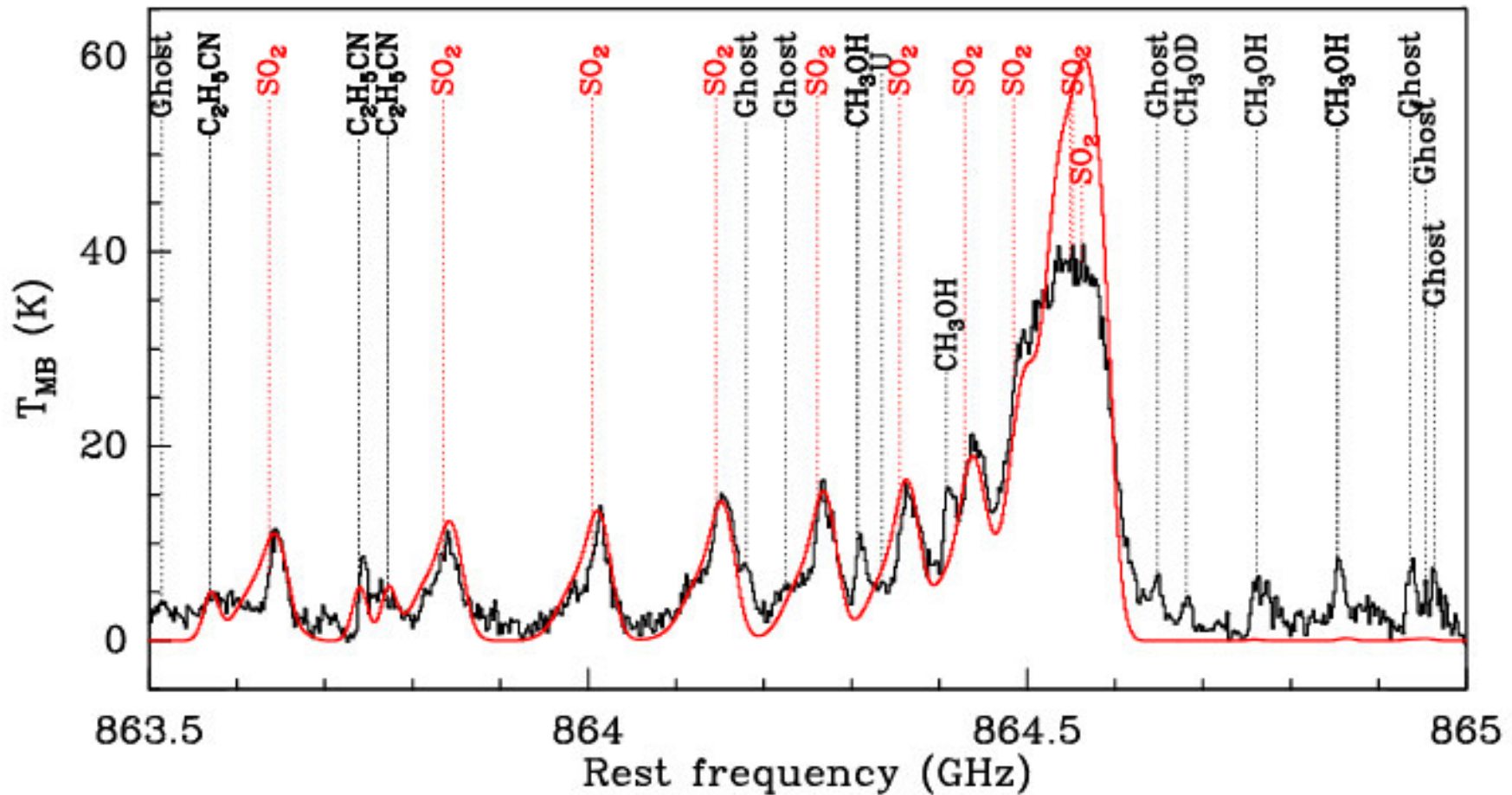
Example I – Line surveys

- **Early stage of star formation: Hot Core**
 - Extremely rich chemistry triggered by high temperature and density and enriched by the evaporation of the icy mantles of grains
-> “line forest”
 - Submm range privileged:
 - High energy transitions
 - Light hybrids (OH, CH, H₂O...) have fundamental level in submm
 - Infrared pumping -> measure of background

ANALYSIS OF THE DATA

- ✓ *the whole spectrum is fitted at once (Schilke et al. 1997)*
- ✓ *LTE using molecular database (JPL, Cologne)*
- ✓ *fits source size, T_{ex} , column density, line width and velocity*
- ✓ *fits all lines of a species and isotopomers at once*
⇒ *takes intra-species line blends and optical depth effects explicitly into account!*
- ✓ *fits all species at once* ⇒ *takes inter-species line blends into account!*

GOOD FIT: SO₂



Example II – protostellar collapse

Collapse model



Radial profiles

Temperature

Density

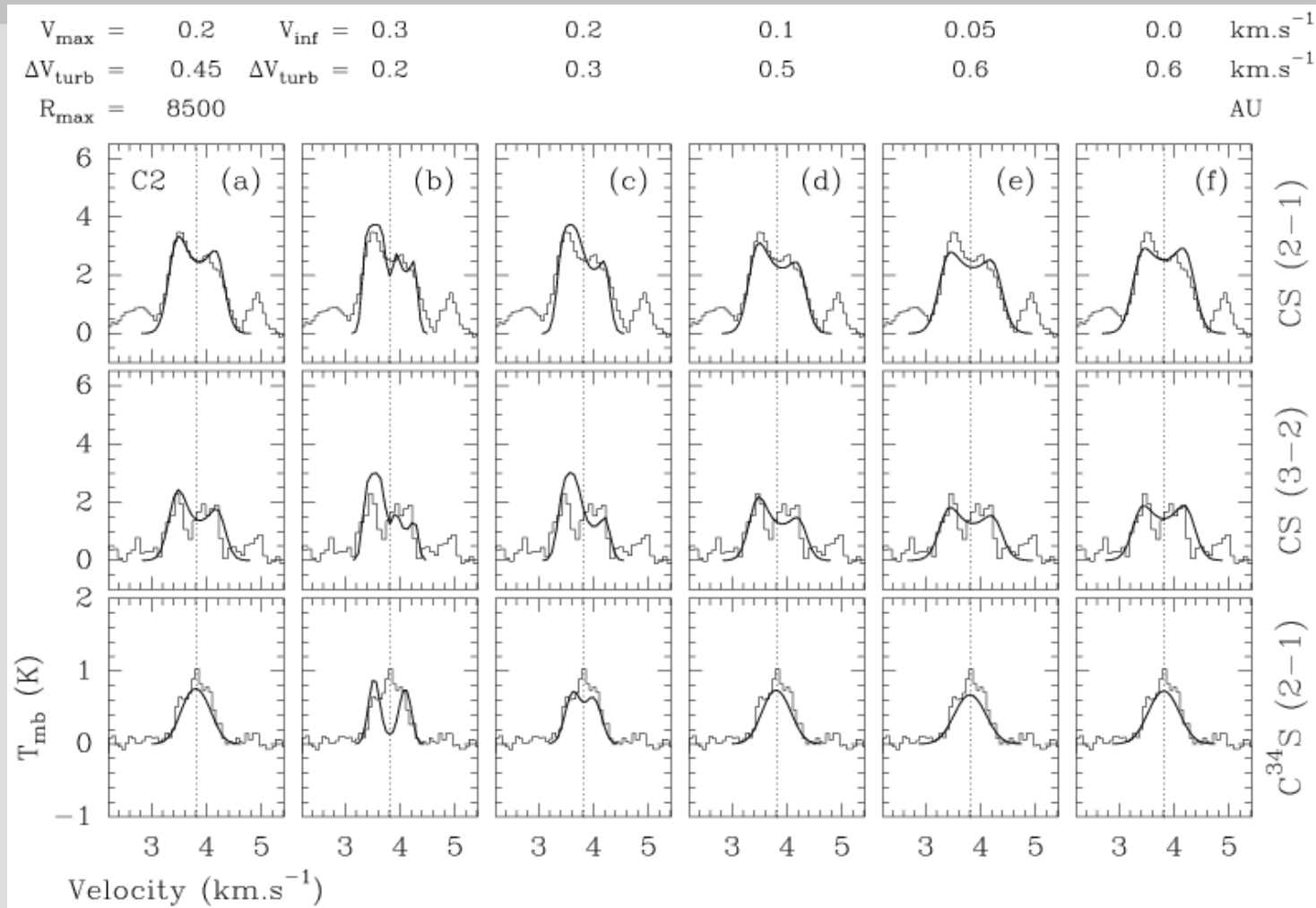
velocity



Radiative Transfer
BERNES-MAPYSO



Simulated spectra



Example III – Galactic dynamics

- **Gas kinematics in the center of galaxies**
 - Evolution of galaxies
 - AGN fueling
 - Black Hole growth
 - Starburst/AGN connection

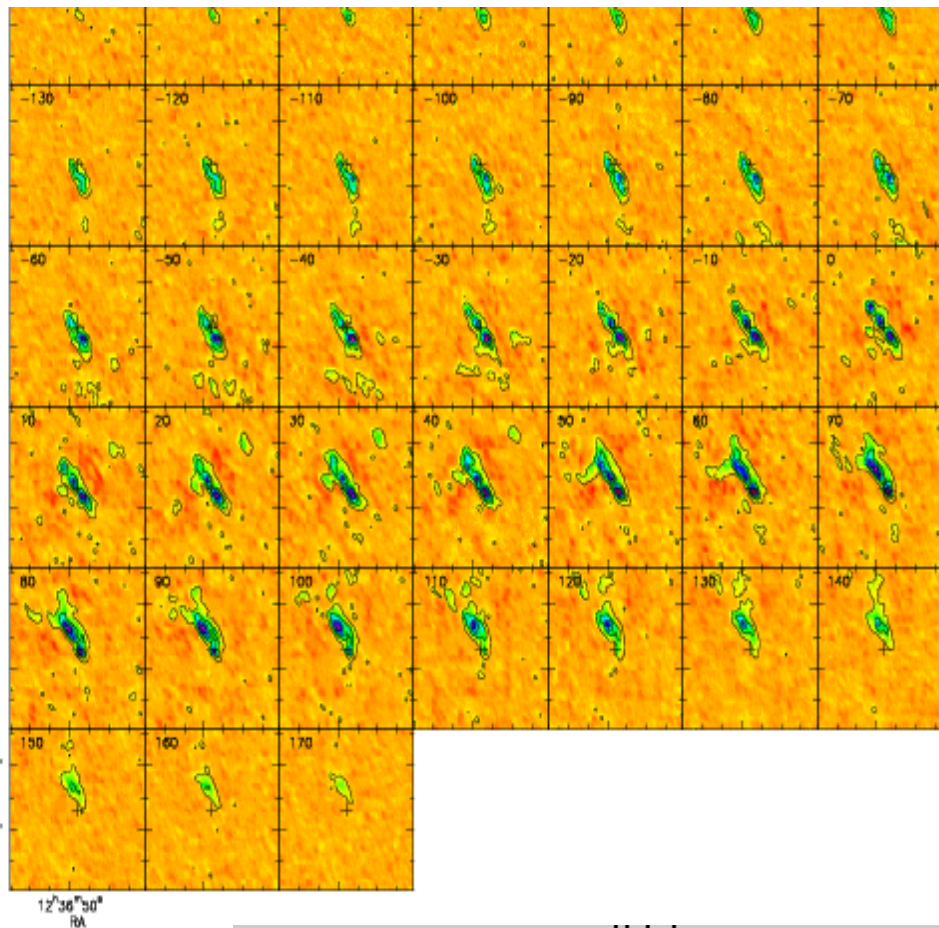
Example III – Galactic dynamics

- **NUGA survey** (PI: S. Garcia-Burillo, F. Combes)
 - Survey of 12 nearby active galaxies with IRAM Plateau de Bure Interferometer CO(1-0) and CO(2-1)
 - Get a new insight into the dynamics of the inner 1kpc with a resolution $<100\text{pc}$
- **Kinematic modeling**
 - Use assumptions on orbits to reproduce observations
 - The aim is to “deproject” the data to obtain a 6D description

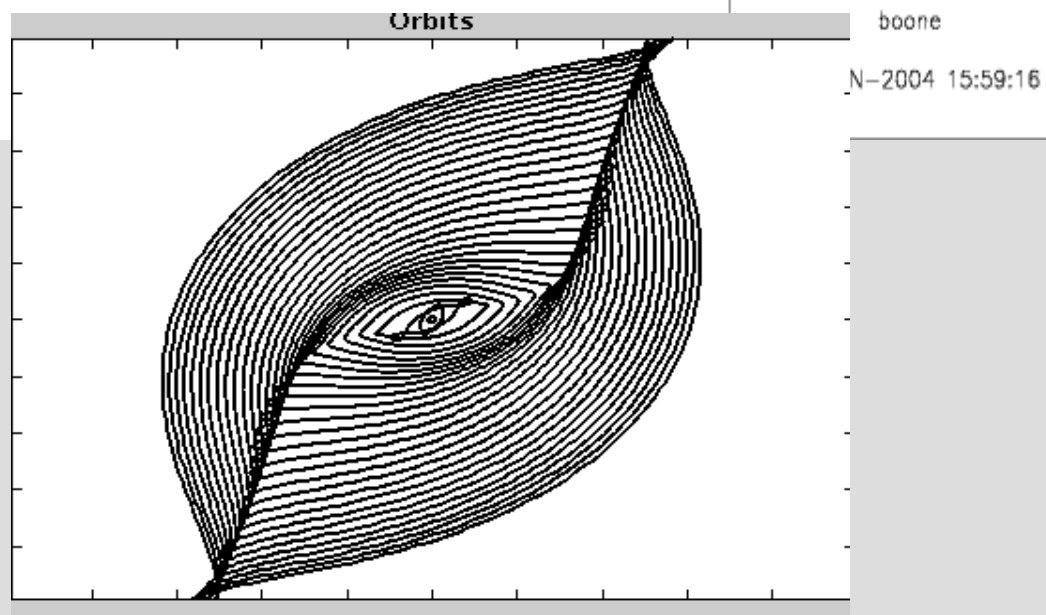
3D
(RA, Dec, Vr)



6D
(X, Y, Z, Vx, Vy, Vz)



Source: N4569
Line: CO(1-0)
Frequency: 115.362 GHz
Beam: 2.33 x 1.46 PA 27°
Levels : (Jy/beam)
8.4E-03 0.0504 0.0924 0.1344 0.17
Box marking: VELOCITY
Channels: [5,42]



Examples summary

- **EX I (line surveys)**

- Link to spectroscopic databases
- Ability to easily control a large number of params
- Radiative transfer

- **EX II (protostellar envelopes)**

- Several models in line (dynamics + radiative transf.)
- Several kinds of data (spectra+images)

- **EX III (galactic dynamics)**

- Need ability to compare different kinematic models to data cubes

A prototype, DALIA

(Direct Approach to Spectral Line Analysis)

- **Main functionalities**

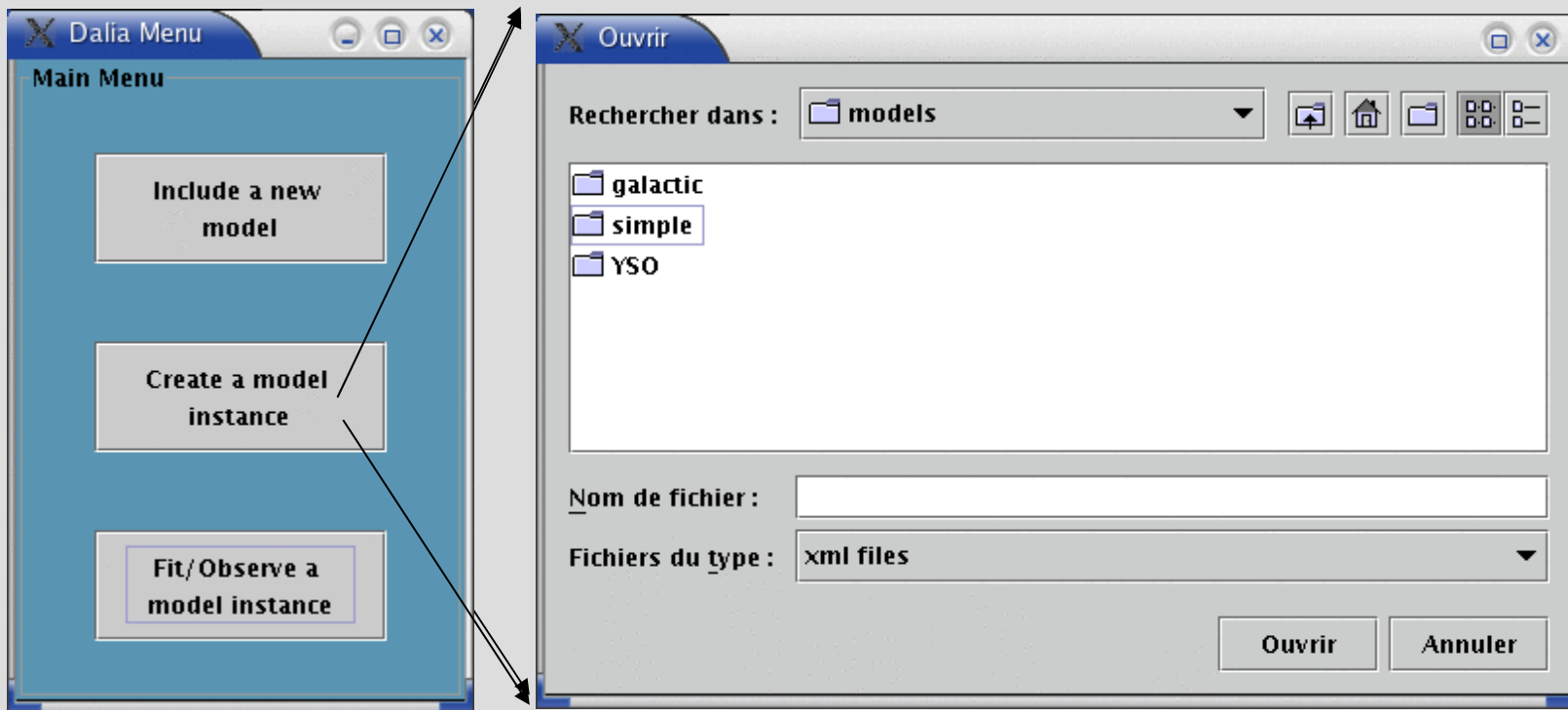
- Edit parameters of a model to create a first guess
- Fit the model to the data (1D, 2D, 3D) via optimization
- Constrain the parameters
- Include spectroscopic data from molecular databases
- Allow to introduce any new model code (Fortran, C...)

- **Implementation**

- GUI in JAVA
- Description of models in XML following a “schema”
- Interface GUI/models: ASCII for params and FITS for data
- Visualization: Specview (spectra) Jimage (2d & 3d)

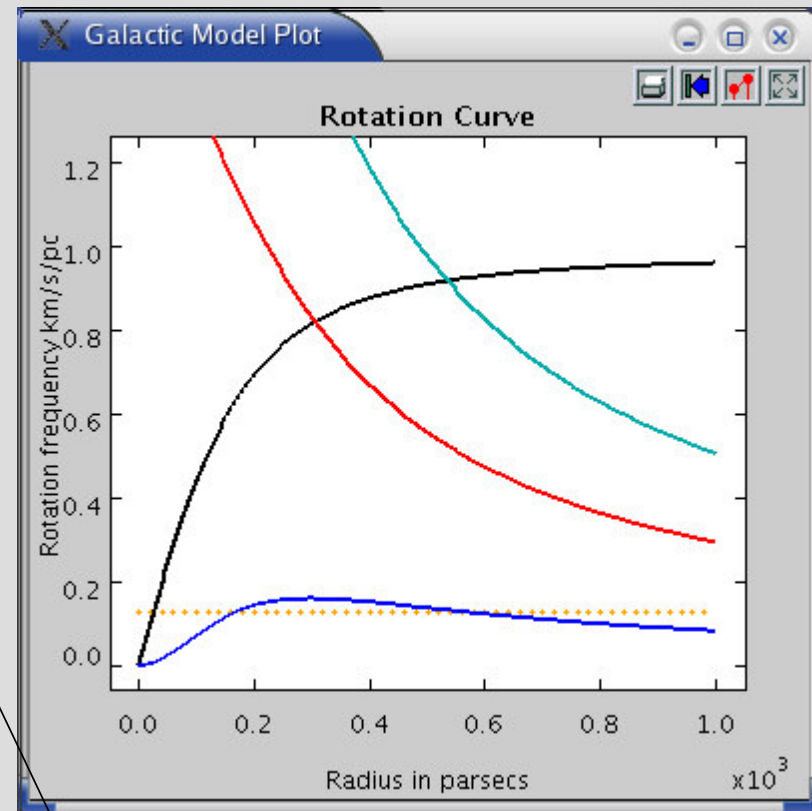
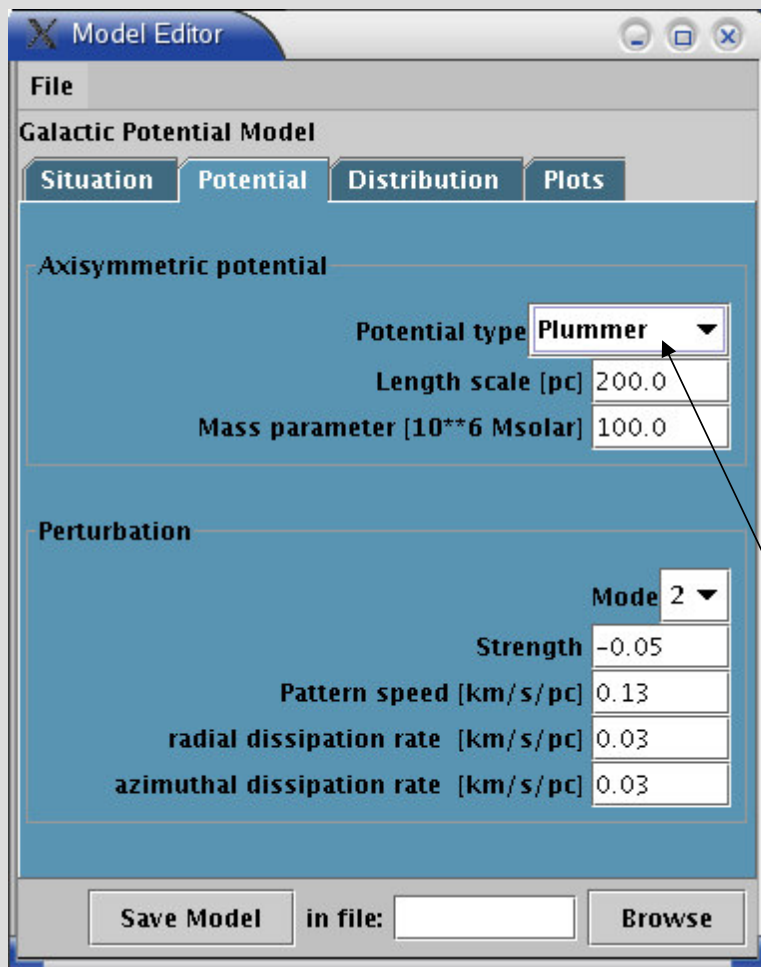
DALIA

- Create a model instance (first guess)



DALIA

- Create a model instance of a galactic model
GUI generated by the XML description of the model



Choices

DALIA

Data Dialog

spectrum

spectrum.fits

Spectral lines Dialog

spectrum.fits

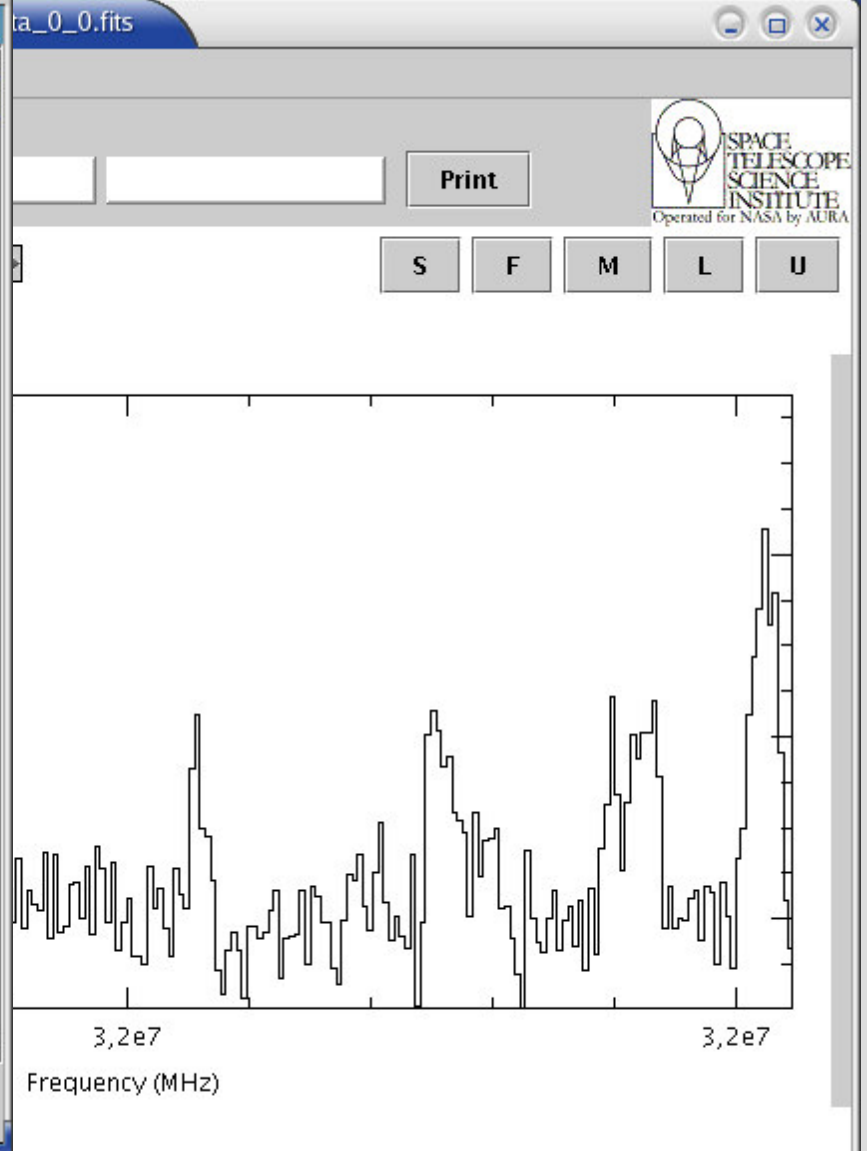
Load a n

Lines		
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> NH2CH2CH2OH	[15 4 11 4 - 16 1 16 4]	93091.625
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> C5H	[19 1 20 19 - 18 -1 19 19]	93091.867
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> C3H7CN	[56 17 40 1 - 55 18 37 1]	93092.336
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> C3H7CN	[56 17 39 1 - 55 18 38 1]	93092.344
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> C2H5OH	[18 2 16 0 - 18 2 17 0]	93092.664
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> NH2CH2CH2OH	[47 9 38 1 - 47 9 39 1]	93092.906
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> NH2CHO	[15 4 11 15 - 16 3 14 16]	93093.305
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> NH2CHO	[15 4 11 16 - 16 3 14 17]	93093.383
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> NH2CHO	[15 4 11 14 - 16 3 14 15]	93093.383
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> NH2CH2CH2OH	[43 6 38 3 - 42 7 35 3]	93093.43
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> C2H5OOCH	[13 5 9 1 - 13 3 10 1]	93093.82
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> NH2CH2CH2OH	[17 1 16 1 - 16 2 14 1]	93093.914
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> a(CH2OH)2	[16 1 15 1 - 16 0 16 1]	93093.992
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> H2NCH2COOH_II	[13 9 4 1 13 - 12 9 3 1 12]	93094.297
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> H2NCH2COOH_II	[13 9 5 1 13 - 12 9 4 1 12]	93094.297
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> C5H	[19 -1 20 19 - 18 1 19 18]	93094.773
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> C5H	[19 -1 20 20 - 18 1 19 19]	93094.852
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> NH2CH2CH2OH	[18 4 15 6 - 17 5 12 6]	93095.227
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> c-C2H4NH	[9 4 5 9 - 9 3 6 9]	93095.828
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> c-C2H4NH	[9 4 5 9 - 9 3 6 10]	93095.977
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> c-C2H4NH	[9 4 5 9 - 9 3 6 8]	93096.0
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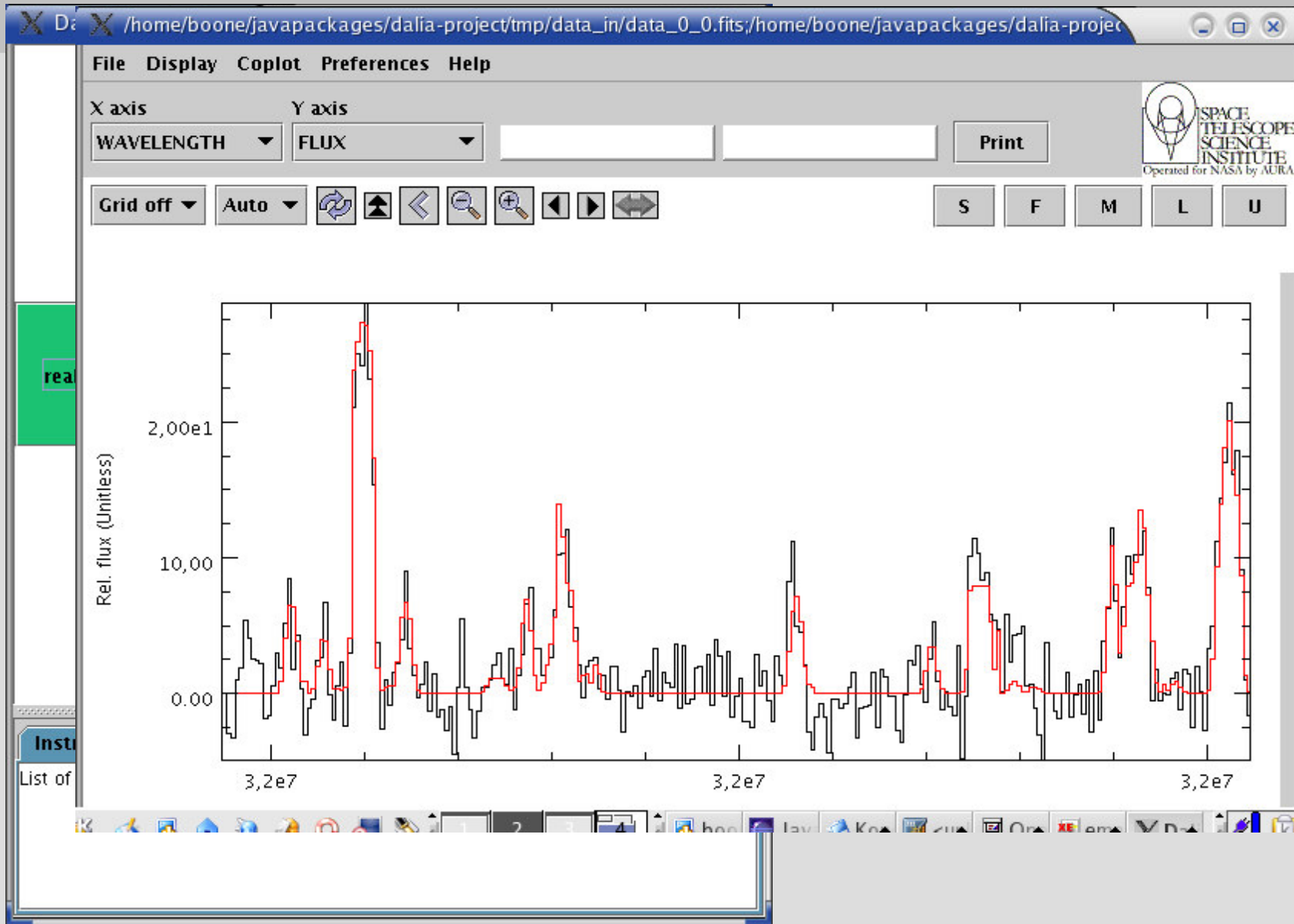
OK

Dalia Fitting Interface

ta_0_0.fits



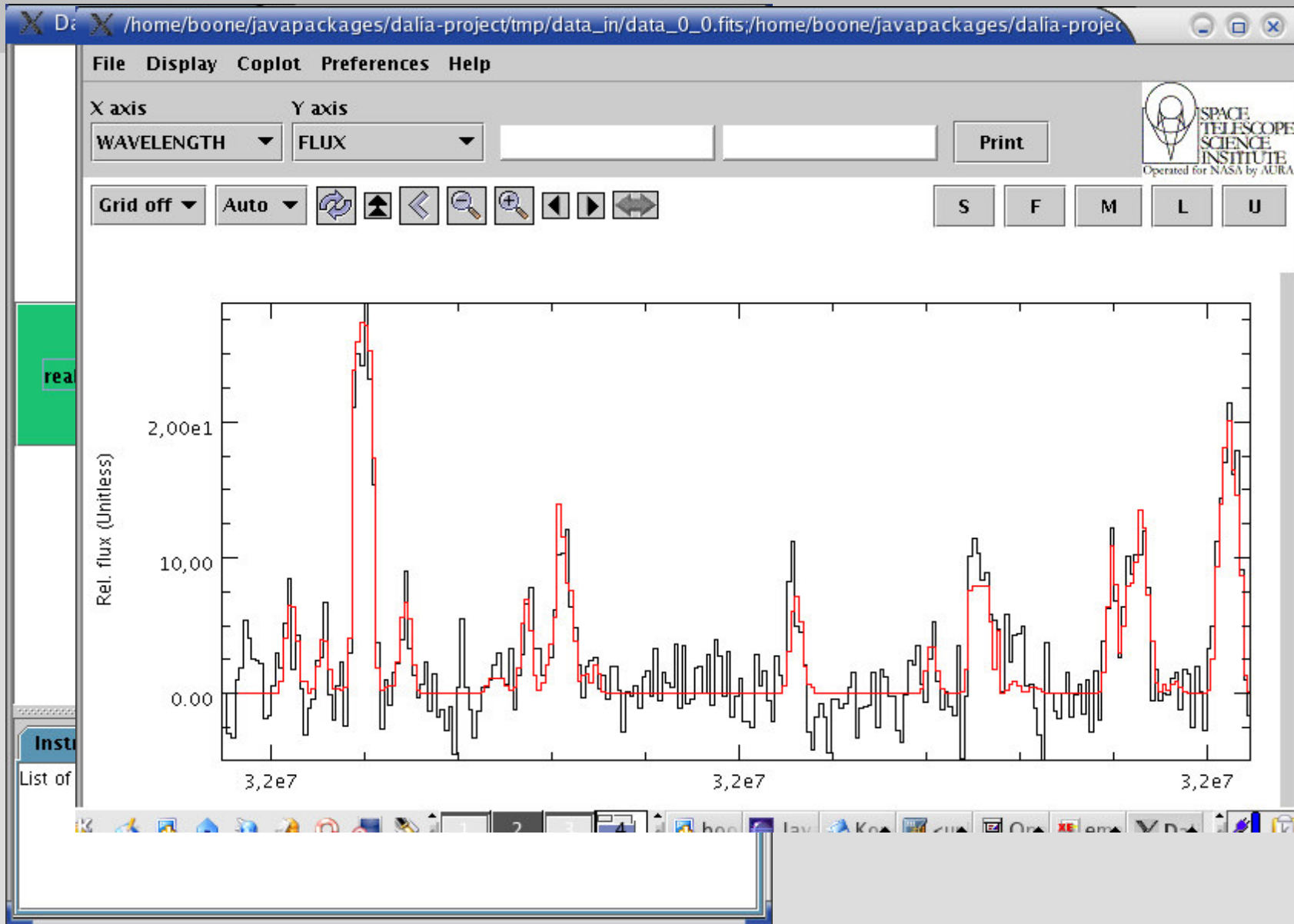
DALIA



Max	Fixed
0:00:00	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
0:00:00	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
infinity	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
infinity	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
90.0	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
360.0	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
infinity	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
infinity	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
infinity	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
infinity	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
0.1	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
0.5	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
0.3	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

Constant

DALIA

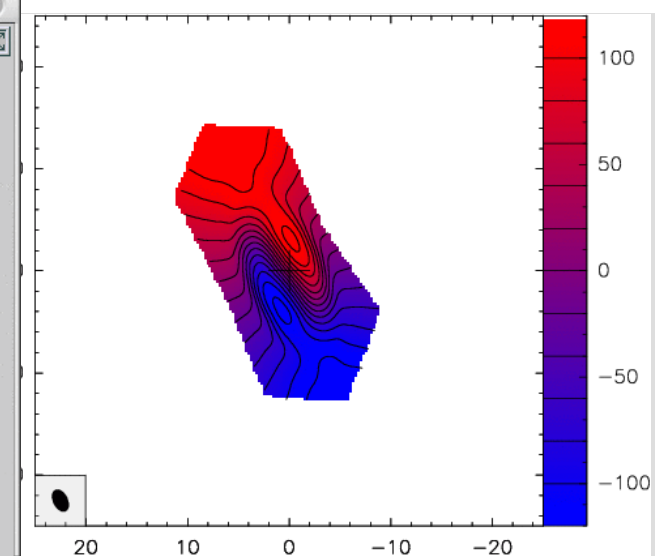
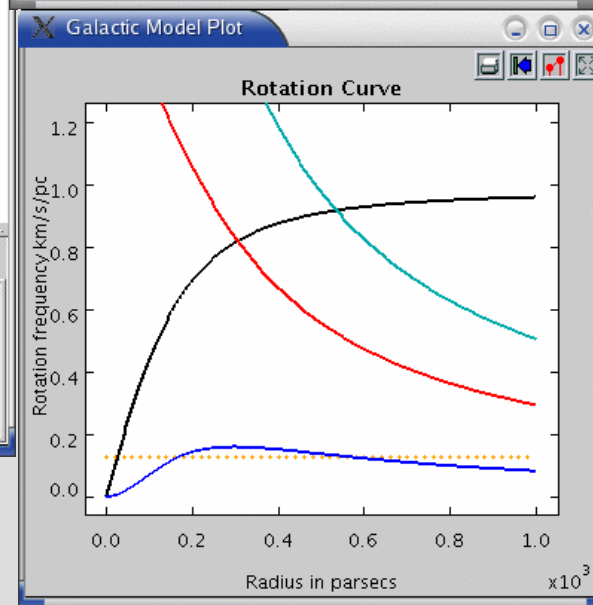
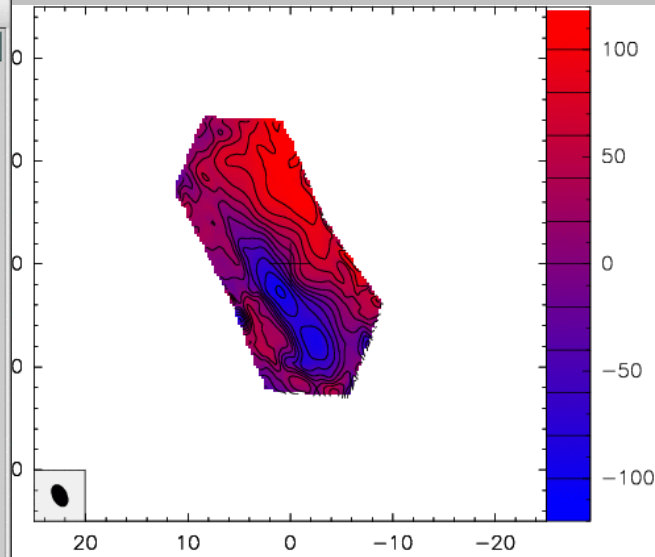
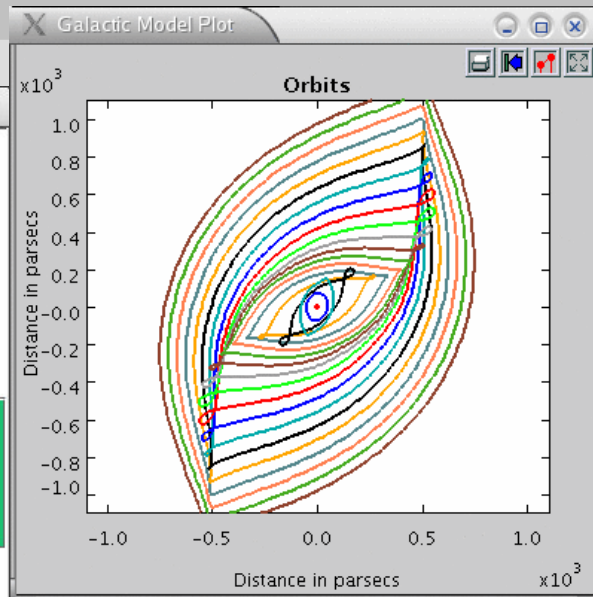
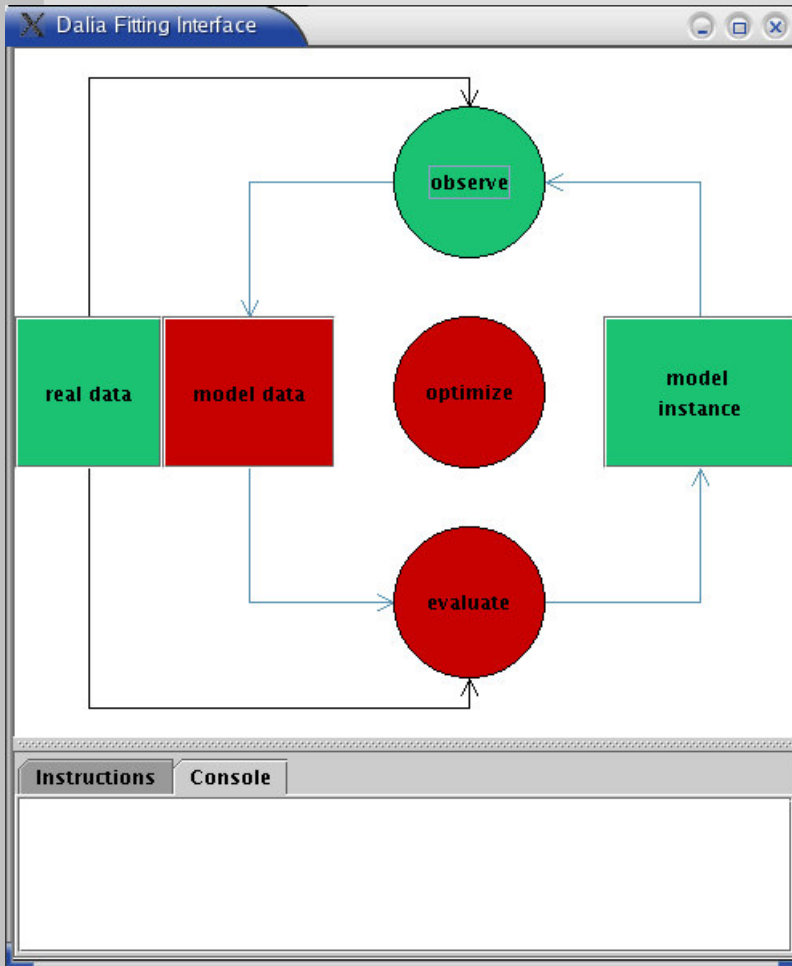


Max	Fixed
0:00:00	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
0:00:00	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
infinity	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
infinity	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
90.0	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
360.0	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
infinity	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
infinity	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
infinity	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
infinity	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
0.1	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
0.5	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
0.3	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

Constant

DALIA

NGC 4569



DALIA

XML file describing the model

Pieces of C-code be included in the model code to read input

The image shows two windows from the Eclipse IDE. The left window, titled 'Java - galacticpotentialmodel.xml - Eclipse Platform', displays an XML file. The XML content is as follows:

```
<?xml version="1.0"?>
<amns:astroModelSchema
  xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
  xmlns:amns="astromodelns">

  <title>Galactic Potential Model</title>

  <routineSection>
    <srcName>barmod.c</srcName>
    <binaryName>barmod</binaryName>
    <programmingLanguage>C</programmingLanguage>

    <Section>
      <title>"</title>
      <subSection>
        <title>Routine parameters</title>
        <param xsi:type="amns:ParamFloat">
          <name>Cloud col. dens.</name>
          <varName>cdens</varName>
          <unit>10**20/cm**2</unit>
          <description>Column density of clouds</description>
          <default>1.0</default>
        </param>

        <param xsi:type="amns:ParamInt">
          <name>Nb of subclouds/cloud</name>
          <varName>nsubcl</varName>
          <unit></unit>
          <description>nb of subclouds per clouds for the velocity profile</de
          <default>100</default>
        </param>

        <param xsi:type="amns:ParamFloat">
          <name>Conversion factor</name>
```

The right window, titled 'Code Display', shows C code snippets for reading model parameters. It has three tabs: 'Model input', 'Molecules input', and 'Spectro input'. The 'Model input' tab is active and contains the following code:

```
Insert the following definitions at the beginning of etlgauss.c
#define MAXARRAYSIZE 1000

void readmodelparams(int *ncomponents, float vc[], float fwhm[],

Insert the following declarations at the beginning of your code in etlgaus...
int ncomponents;
float vc[MAXARRAYSIZE], fwhm[MAXARRAYSIZE], relamp[MAXARRAYSIZE], compt

/**initialize by calling readmodelparams**/
readmodelparams(&ncomponents, vc, fwhm,

append the following code at the end of the file etlgauss.c
/*****
void readmodelparams(int *ncomponents, float vc[], float fwhm[],
                    float relamp[], float comptemp[], float compcoldens[],
                    float compsousez[])
{
  char c;
  FILE *prf;

  printf("start reading params in /home/boone/javapackages/dalia-project/tmp

  if((prf=fopen("/home/boone/javapackages/dalia-project/tmp/modelparams.t
  printf("ERROR: cannot open file /home/boone/javapackages/dalia-project/tm
```

Summary

- **new generation of software for science analysis and knowledge sharing**
- **a concept: “wrapping rather than re-inventing”**
- **DALIA, JAVA interface with most of the functionalities soon complete**
- **Remains to include**
 - use different models in line, e.g. Dynamics+Radiative Transfer
--> **interoperability, workflow**

Outlook

- **Generic software**

- Any data (1D, 2D, 3D,...), any model
- Standard for models --> Virtual Observatory
- Can also be used for simulation (Monte Carlo)
- All wavelengths and not only astronomy

- **Possible extensions**

- Association with computing resources: server (web service), parallel computing
- Association with archive facilities (VO) for the data but also for the model codes and the model instances

Outlook

- **ASAP could become a very general VO software to interface codes**
- **Models should be well documented**
- **Development open to the community**
MPIfR + Observatoire de Paris +Strasbourg+...

